XI Accountancy NCERT Book	Accounting Equation Numerical Questions - 08	AccountsAptitude.com	ACCOUNTS APTITUDE	
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S.N.	Transactions	А	sset	s						=	Capital + Liabilities					
		Cash	+	Stock	+	Building	+	Debtors +	Prepaio Expense	a =	Capital	+	Creditors	+	Outstanding Expenses	
		₹		₹		₹		₹	₹		₹		₹		₹	
(a)	Manoj started business with (i) Cash ₹2,30,000 (ii) Goods ₹1,00,000 (iii) Building ₹2,00,000	2,30,000	+	1,00,000	+	2,00,000	-			=	5,30,000					
(b)	He purchased goods for cash ₹50,000	-50,000	+	50,000						=	-					
	New Equation	1,80,000	+	1,50,000	+	2,00,000				=	5,30,000					
(c)	He sold goods (costing ₹20,000) for ₹35,000	35,000	-	20,000		105				=	15,000					
	New Equation	2,15,000	+	1,30,000	+	2,00,000				=	5,45,000					
(d)	He purchased goods from Rahul ₹55,000			55,000						=			55,000			
	New Equation	2,15,000	+	1,85,000	+	2,00,000				=	5,45,000	+	55,000			
(e)	He sold goods to Varun (Costing ₹52,000) for ₹60,000		-	52,000			+	60,000		=	8,000					
	New Equation	2,15,000	+	1,33,000	+	2,00,000	+	60,000		74 =	5,53,000	+	55,000			
(f)	He paid cash to Rahul in full settlement ₹53,000	-53,000				ADTI		INE		=	2,000	-	55,000			
	New Equation	1,62,000	+	1,33,000	+	2,00,000	+	60,000		=	5,55,000	+	-			
(g)	Salary paid by him ₹20,000	-20,000						- /	\$2.	=	-20,000					
	New Equation	1,42,000	+	1,33,000	+	2,00,000	+	60,000		=	5,35,000					
(h)	Received cash from Varun in full settlement ₹59,000	59,000			1	* .	-	60,000		=	-1,000					
	New Equation	2,01,000	+	1,33,000	+	2,00,000	+	-		=	5,34,000					
(i)	Rent outstanding ₹3,000									=	-3,000	+	-	+	3,000	
	New Equation	2,01,000	+	1,33,000	+	2,00,000	+	-		=	5,31,000	+	-	+	3,000	

S.N.	Transactions	A	8							=	= Capital + Liabilities			s		
		Cash	+	Stock	+	Building	+	Debtors	+	Prepaid Expenses	=	Capital	+	Creditors	+	Outstanding Expenses
		₹		₹		₹		₹		₹		₹		₹		
(j)	Prepaid Insurance ₹2,000	-2,000							+	2,000	=					
	New Equation	1,99,000	+	1,33,000	+	2,00,000	+	-	+	2,000	=	5,31,000	+	-	+	3,000
(k)	Commission received by him ₹13,000	13,000									=	13,000				
	New Equation	2,12,000	+	1,33,000	+	2,00,000	+	-	+	2,000	=	5,44,000	+	-	+	3,000
(1)	Amount withdrawn by him for personal use ₹20,000	-20,000									=	-20,000				
	New Equation	1,92,000	+	1,33,000	+	2,00,000	+	-	+	2,000	=	5,24,000	+	-	+	3,000
(m)	Depreciation charge on building ₹10,000				-	10,000	-		-		=	-10,000				
	New Equation	1,92,000	+	1,33,000	+	1,90,000	+	19 A	+	2,000	=	5,14,000	+	-	+	3,000
(n)	Fresh capital invested ₹50,000	50,000									=	50,000				
	New Equation	2,42,000	+	1,33,000	+	1,90,000	+		+	2,000	=	5,64,000	+	-	+	3,000
(o)	Purchased goods from Rakhi ₹6,000			6,000		ACCO		NTS			=			6,000		
	New Equation	2,42,000	+	1,39,000	+	1,90,000	+		+	2,000	=	5,64,000	+	6,000	+	3,000

